

# GERMAN TRICKERY DELAYS SIGNING; PARIS ULTIMATUM TO FORCE ACTION



The

Evening

World.



"Circulation Books Open to All."

"Circulation Books Open to All."

WEATHER—Probable showers to-night and Thursday.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

Copyright, 1919, by The Press Publishing Co. (The New York World).

NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 25, 1919.

24 PAGES

PRICE TWO CENTS.

## CONGRESS GETS "DRY" ENFORCEMENT BILL

### NEW BILL FOR PROHIBITION WITH DRASTIC REGULATIONS IS LIKE THAT OF "DRYS"

Measure Covers Both Wartime and Constitutional Phases of Law.

STRICT ENFORCEMENT.

Any Drink With Over One-Half of One Per Cent. "Intoxicating Liquor."

WASHINGTON, June 25.—Drastic legislation for the strict enforcement of both wartime and constitutional prohibition was completed by the House Judiciary Committee to-day.

With only slight modifications, the bill Chairman Volstead submitted to the House is the same as that proposed by the ultra "drys." An appropriation of \$2,500,000 is provided to carry out the act.

The main provisions of the bill are: Any beverage containing more than one-half of one per cent. of alcohol is "intoxicating liquor." When the war time prohibition act or constitutional prohibition goes into effect, it shall be unlawful to "manufacture, sell, barter, give away, transport, import, export, deliver, furnish, receive or possess any intoxicating liquor except as authorized by this act." The only exceptions are for medicinal, scientific or sacramental purposes, or where liquor is stored in private homes before prohibition goes into effect, for private use.

Punishments for violations are as follows: A fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 for the first offense and a fine of not less than \$200 nor more than \$1,000 with imprisonment from 30 to 90 days for the second offense. A fine of not less than \$500 and imprisonment from six months to two years is provided for the subsequent offenses. In addition, courts may require bonds as security that violators will not again break the law for one year.

Enforcement of the Prohibition Law is lodged with the Commissioner of Internal Revenue and the Department of Justice.

Patent and proprietary medicine manufacturers must prove to the commissioner that their products cannot be used in place of intoxicating liquor.

Liquor may be prescribed for medicinal purposes only by reputable physicians, and not more than one prescription shall be given every ten days. Pharmacists filling these prescriptions must be licensed.

Permits must be obtained to manufacture liquor for legal purposes, bond being required. Transportation permits are also required, both being furnished by the Prohibition Commissioner. Records of all transportation must be submitted.

All liquor must be clearly labeled as such when sold for legal purposes. Ten days after the passage of the act all liquor illegally held must be given up, or it shall be confiscated.

(Continued on Sixteenth Page.)

### RACE TRACK BETTING IN MARYLAND ILLEGAL

Court of Appeals Decision Applies to the Tracks at Bowie and Upper Marlboro.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., June 25.—The law permitting race track betting in Prince Georges County, Maryland, is unconstitutional, according to a decision of the Court of Appeals rendered to-day. The law applies to the tracks at Bowie and Upper Marlboro.

### BROKER PLEADS GUILTY TO GRAND LARCENY

First to Admit Wrong Doings in Connection With Fake Oil Investment.

James L. Cramer, thirty-three, recently a guest at the Hotel Pennsylvania, pleaded guilty to-day before Judge Vadhams in the Court of General Sessions to an indictment charging him with grand larceny in the second degree. He will be sentenced next Wednesday.

Cramer is the first of the so-called "brokers" to plead guilty in the roundup of promoters of fake oil companies. The principal complainant against him was Mrs. Ada Newburger, No. 66 East 83d Street, who said that, introduced to the broker on May 14 at the Hotel McAlpin, she gave him \$200 for the purchase of stock in an oil company he claimed to represent. Investigation failed to reveal such a company.

Complaints against H. C. Loup & Co., Assistant District Attorney Dooling said to-day, will be placed before the Grand Jury to-morrow.

### \$63,000 LOST BY FIRE IN SMASH OF AIRPLANES

House Asks Inquiry of Money Lost by Harriman Bank of New York.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—Investigation as to whether letters of the Harriman National Bank of New York, said to contain \$63,000 in drafts and checks, were destroyed when the Chicago mail plane burned near Cleveland May 24, was asked in a House resolution to-day. The Postmaster General is asked whether the letters were transferred to the airplane mail without the consent of the sender, and whether the "Department has refused or neglected to inform the bank of the facts in regard thereto."

### Philadelphia-Atlantic City Air Line

Opened. The first "air line express" between Philadelphia and Atlantic City was inaugurated to-day when a flying boat left here carrying one passenger, J. S. Clark, local realty man, purchased the first ticket.

The International Paper Company, No. 30 Broad Street, and representatives of the unions employed in the thirty-two mills of the company in various States, met this afternoon to sign a new wage agreement. It was announced that the company would grant increases aggregating \$1,000,000 a year.

View the City From the World Restaurant. Special for To-day, June 25, 1919. Small Roast with French fried potatoes... \$2.00. Roast Leg of Spring Lamb with green peas... \$2.50. Table d'Hôte Dinner... \$4.00. 14th Floor, World Building. Advt.

### DOUGLAS ROBINSON HELD UP BY THREE DAYLIGHT BANDITS

Three Suspects Caught After Attack in Fashionable Section of Park Avenue.

ONE HAD A REVOLVER.

Gopher Gang Again Terrorizing West Side Says Former Sheriff.

A bold attempt at hold-up with a revolver in the best resident quarter of New York on a street where many people were moving and less than half a block away from two police officers became public to-day when former State Senator Theodore Douglas Robinson, a nephew of the late Col. Roosevelt, appeared in Yorkville Police Court as complainant against three young men accused of highway robbery.

The prisoners were Harold Vogel, seventeen, of No. 429 East 82d Street; Arthur Plum, twenty-three, of No. 514 East 81st Street, and Edward Henebry, eighteen, of No. 517 East 18th Street. Plum and Henebry were captured running away from in front of No. 756 Park Avenue, where Mr. Robinson was stopped. Vogel, it is charged, pushed a revolver against his body and threatened to shoot him if he did not hand over his money and jewelry. Passersby who saw the hold-up yelled an alarm and Police Lieutenants Frank Brady and Patrick McCarthy, who were standing at the corner of 71st Street and Park Avenue, immediately ran toward the group. The three hold-up men separated and one of them got away.

A large crowd gathered and Lieut. Brady, mingling with it, was attracted by a youth who was breathing heavily as if from the stress of running. The policeman put his hand over the youth's heart and found it throbbing. He arrested the panting curiosity seeker and found a loaded revolver in his pocket. Then he took his prisoner, who proved to be Vogel, before Mr. Robinson. The identification was immediate.

The Gopher Gang has been revived on the west side, according to ex-Sheriff Max Griffenhagen, who was held up and robbed yesterday in Tenth Avenue near 23d Street while he was on his way from his bottling business at No. 249 Tenth Avenue to a branch in West 44th Street. Mr. Griffenhagen says the gang numbers between fifty and seventy-five young men between sixteen and twenty-five years old, and that the whole Chelsea and Hell's Kitchen section has been terrorized for weeks.

"I am told it is not uncommon for these young gangsters to jump on a policeman and beat him up," he said. "What we need is a strong arm squad with a roving commission."

"If the police can't help us it will be necessary for the merchants in this part of town to apply for permits to carry revolvers and take steps to protect themselves."

### FIGHT WILSON'S RAIL POWER.

Director General Hines Opposes Rate Fixing by President.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—The Cummins bill to deprive the President of railroad rate making power met more opposition to-day. Director General Hines and Charles E. Kimball, President of the Association of State Utilities Commissioners, predicted before the House Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee serious complications in rate making if the bill were passed in its present form.

### MYSTERY GROWS IN \$275,000 JEWEL THEFT IN BILTMORE

Six Men Constantly Guarded Vault That Held Millionaire's Gems.

STOLEN GOODS LISTED.

Pearl Necklace Worth \$170,000 Chief Part of Jewelry Lost by Widow.

Only two theories are advanced to-day to account for the loss of \$275,000 worth of jewels which Mrs. Regina Millhiser of Richmond, Va., says she deposited in the Biltmore Hotel vault on May 20 and missed when she opened the box on June 12. The favorite theory of the detectives—although it depends upon a fantastic conception—is that somebody obtained Mrs. Millhiser's key, impersonated her successfully, although she is well known to the hotel office force, opened the safety deposit box, and removed the contents of one of the two packages she had placed there.

The other theory is that the jewels were stolen from Mrs. Millhiser's room in the hotel before the packages were deposited—that when she deposited the packages the contents were not what she believed. But it was learned this morning that Mrs. Millhiser on opening the box on June 12 at once saw that one of the packages had been tampered with and at once complained at the office.

The list of jewels was made public to-day. There were five pieces. The most important was a pearl necklace valued at \$170,000. In addition there were two exceptionally fine diamond rings, a diamond and ruby brooch and a brooch set with diamonds and sapphires.

It was reported that two arrests had been made in connection with the case, but this could not be confirmed.

About 100 detectives and many lawyers are working night and day on the case, which has features some of the oldest thief chasers admit have completely baffled them. It is the biggest jewel robbery since those of Mrs. Charles Cary Rumsey, daughter of Mrs. E. J. Harriman, were stolen at Narragansett Pier in July, 1913.

In the Millhiser robbery, besides the city detectives, there are men from two private agencies, private detectives from hotels and representatives of insurance companies hard at work. Suspected fences have been searched, pawnbrokers questioned and the underworld has been raked for some person willing to give the sleuths some lead to follow.

Six men are constantly on duty in the office, including an armed watchman. There is another armed watchman at the main door of the hotel all night. The box had not been tampered with.

After having repeatedly referred reporters to her attorneys, Stanchfield & Levy, Mrs. Millhiser gave out a statement last night at her summer place, No. 14 Jerome Avenue, Deal, N. J. She ridiculed one statement appearing in print which represented the jewels as "fit for a Rajah" and denied another that the "world had been searched over for them" before

(Continued on Sixteenth Page.)

If you can save money you can invest while you save. Ask for particulars of the Federal Reserve Plan. John Muir & Co. 65 N. 5th Ave. Advt.

### EX-KAISER GETS SHOCK IN NEWS THAT WEIMAR AGREED TO GIVE HIM UP

Members of His Party at Amerongen Criticise National Assembly for Yielding.

(Associated Press.)

AMBRONGEN, June 24. NEWS of Germany's decision to accept the peace terms, including the clause providing for the delivery of the former German Emperor to the Allies, reached the castle late yesterday evening. Exactly how the former Emperor was affected by the tidings cannot be ascertained, but the attitude of members of his party gives rise to the belief that the news was a considerable shock.

When the Associated Press correspondent talked with attendants they said the news was already known at the castle. They made the most scathing criticisms of the German National Assembly for its action. Evidently they had held to the hope that some way would be found for the former Emperor to return to Germany. Now it apparently is realized that he is exiled forever from his country. The former monarch resumed his customary log-sawing at the usual hour.

### BABY BORN ON TRANSPORT IS HERE WITH 2,919 TROOPS

Trust Fund Raised for Marcella Smith, Daughter of Soldier and War Bride.

On the transport Santa Teresa, which arrived to-day from St. Nazaire with 2,919 troops, was a passenger who had no passport and didn't need one. She was Marcella Teresa Smith, daughter of Trooper Frederick E. Smith of the 15th Cavalry, and was born a little more than six hours after the transport left the French port. Trooper Smith was also on the ship.

The child was christened with much ceremony by Father William P. McCernony, an army chaplain. John G. Flynn, a K. of C. secretary was godfather and Mrs. Julia Miller, another war bride, godmother. Last night Capt. F. S. McMurray, master of the ship, gave a dinner in honor of the new passenger and a purse of \$251.35 was raised, which was made the foundation of a trust, with the officers of the ship as trustees, until Marcella is eighteen.

Smith met his wife in La Rochelle, where he was quartered for eight months. Forty-six La Rochelle girls married men of the 15th. According to Y. W. C. A. girls who arrived on the Santa Teresa, 12,000 wives of soldiers are in France awaiting transportation to this country.

The Regina d'Italia, from Marseilles, also is due. She has 1,730 troops aboard.

### NEW PLEA FOR IRELAND GOES TO PEACE COUNCIL

Letter From De Valera to Clemenceau Says Irishmen in Paris Can Act as Delegates.

PARIS, June 25.—A supplemental memorandum regarding Ireland's claim to recognition by the Peace Conference was presented to-day to Premier Clemenceau, along with a letter from Edward de Valera, Arthur Griffith and Count Plunkett.

In forwarding the memorandum, Sean O'Casey and George Gavan Duffy, the Irish delegates here, suggested that they, being now in Paris, were ready to act as Ireland's representatives if the Peace Conference were unable to grant a safe conduct to the delegation previously named.

TAKE BELL-ANN BEFORE MEALS and see how the Good Digestion makes you feel.—Advt.

### GERMAN PAPER CALLS THE TREATY SCRAP OF PAPER

Feeling Among the Military Leaders Running High—Erzberger in Disfavor.

FOOD RIOTS IN BERLIN.

Tear Bombs and Fire Hose Used in Dispersing a Mob in Hamburg.

BERLIN, June 25 (United Press).—The Berlin Vorwaerts, Majority Socialist organ, describes the peace treaty as "a scrap of paper."

"Extortionate pressure renders signature of the peace treaty worthless," said the Vorwaerts. "We must never forget it is only a scrap of paper. Treaties based on violence can keep their validity only so long as force exists. Do not lose hope. The resurrection day comes."

The Preussische Kreuz Zeitung, in an editorial headed "Fins Germaniae," declared that "it is our duty not to permit the Prussian spirit to be crushed."

Several minor food riots occurred in Berlin yesterday and last night, and it was feared they might grow in scope and violence to-day. A strike involving postal, telegraph and telephone employees seemed certain.

Hamburg has been declared in a state of siege as the result of a clash between Communists and police. It was reported to-day.

Port workers are on strike there because the police attempted to hurry the unloading of food ships by doing some of the work themselves.

Tear bombs and fire hose were employed in dispersing the rioters.

The Governor of West Prussia has announced his resignation.

BERLIN, Tuesday, June 24 (Associated Press).—Long accounts written for the Berlin papers by correspondents at Weimar telling of events preceding the decision of the German Government to sign the treaty of peace show that there was a threat by generals and officers of the volunteer troops to quit if the treaty was signed without reservations.

Gustav Noske, Minister of Defense, proffered his resignation but later succeeded in appeasing the officers. He then withdrew his resignation under pressure from his party and Cabinet Ministers.

Feeling among military leaders is still running high, notwithstanding the fact that they are admonishing the troops to continue in the service. Major Gen. Baron von Luetzow, in a special call, reiterates his opposition to the peace terms, while Major von Gieseler, Herr Noske's adjutant, has announced that Prussian War Minister Reinhardt "will endeavor to defend the menaced honor of the army and its leaders by the adoption of special measures." He will confer with Herr Noske to-day.

Correspondents at Weimar are unanimous in the belief that the prestige of Matthias Erzberger has been damaged because of his mysterious but emphatic assurances that the Entente would be willing to yield on the honor issue, which failed to materialize. Herr Erzberger's position is a subject of much speculation, and it is believed that as soon as the peace crisis is passed he faces a rather trying period.

QUENCHES PERMANENT THIRST. Herford's Acid Phosphate. Added to any drink makes it more satisfying and of a delicious medicinal and tonic.—Advt.

### GERMANS AT VERSAILLES GET NO WORD ABOUT COMING OF THE NEW DELEGATION

Von Haniel Tells Big Three His Only News Is That the Weimar Government Last Night Left Weimar for Berlin—Can't Sign Before Saturday.

PARIS, June 25 (Associated Press).—If the heads of the Allied Powers in Paris do not hear from Weimar very soon regarding the German delegation for the signing of the peace treaty an ultimatum will be sent to the German Government, according to the Paris office of Reuters, Limited. The ultimatum will demand the appointment of plenipotentiaries within a certain number of hours.

[United Press despatches from Versailles yesterday said that Foreign Minister Mueller had been appointed to head the German delegation, but did not disclose the personnel of the remainder of the commission.]

Up to 4:45 o'clock this afternoon no official word had been received here regarding Germany's plans with regard to the formal signing of the peace treaty. The Peace Conference leaders were undisguisedly perplexed over the situation.

### FRENCH REPRISAL FOR SINKING OF SHIPS

Resolution Ordering Destruction of Victory Monument Introduced in Chamber.

PARIS, June 25 (United Press).—A resolution was introduced in the Chamber of Deputies to-day authorizing destruction of the German 1870 victory monument on Niederwald hill, opposite Bingen, as reprisal for the sinking of the German fleet in Scapa Flow and burning of French battle flags in Berlin.

Bingen is on the Rhine, fifteen miles west of Mayence.

### REJECTS PLAN TO NAME PERSHING GENERAL FOR LIFE

Senate Amendment Is Lost When King Makes Point of Order.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—The Senate to-day is expected to pass the \$555,000,000 Army bill, clearing the way for the Naval bill. At a session lasting until after midnight the Senate rejected an amendment to give Gen. Pershing the rank of full general for life, when Senator King made a point of order.

Senator McKellar urged that the War Department make more vigorous efforts to put on the market vast stores of meat which are no longer needed for the army.

Senator Wadsworth declared the department is trying to dispose of the meat.

### R-34 TO DROP MAIL BAG.

British Flyers to Bring Letters to Canada in Ocean Flight.

HALIFAX, N. S., June 25.—The Air Council of the British Admiralty has instructed the captain of the dirigible R-34 to pass over Nova Scotia, possibly at Halifax, on his transatlantic flight and drop a bag of letters. The cable states the big airship in her proposed flight from East Fortune, Scotland, to Mineola, N. Y., will go over here "provided weather conditions do not necessitate a more southerly course."

It was conceded to be impossible that the ceremony of signing could take place before Saturday. Unofficial reports were that it would probably be delayed until Monday.

Paul Dutast, the General Secretary of the Peace Conference, went to Versailles this afternoon under the instructions of the Council of Three to see if Herr Haniel von Heimhausen, representing the Germans there, had any information of his Government's intentions. The German representative said he had received no news except the fact that the members of the Government left Weimar for Berlin last night.

Cardinal Amette, Archbishop of Paris, to-day ordered a Te Deum to be sung on Friday in the Church of the Sacred Heart at Montmartre and on Sunday in all the churches of the diocese. The order adds: "Let prayers for peace be continued until the treaties are concluded with the powers with which France was at war."

It was announced to-day that President Poincare's official dinner to the peace plenipotentiaries will take place on Thursday night. It was originally planned to hold the dinner on the night of the signing of the treaty, but the uncertainty as to the date of the ceremony has caused Thursday to be named definitely for the dinner irrespective of the time of the event at Versailles.

### 1,000 WILL WITNESS CEREMONY OF SIGNING THE PEACE TREATY

Wife and Daughter of President Wilson and 300 Newspaper Correspondents Among Guests.

PARIS, June 25 (Associated Press).—Notable among the persons who will attend the ceremony of the signing of the treaty with Germany will be five Senators who participated in the campaign of 1876. Former Clemenceau announced in the Senate that these men will be honored with places in the Hall of Mirrors in the Chateau at Versailles. Marshal Petain, accompanied by